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(Security Classification)

H.R.

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NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE DAILY CABLE

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NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION

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EGYPT: Financial Outlook | Eaupt's financial outlook has improved substantially during the last few months. Late last year, we estimated that Cairo's unfinanced payments gap would be roughly \$1 billion annually through 1979. We now believe that soaring private transfers and favorable oil production prospects could more than halve the gap over the next two years. Moreover, despite President Sadat's peace initiative, the Saudi-sponsored Gulf Organization for the Development of Egypt appears willing to provide substantial import financing. In January, officials of the Gulf Organization assured the US firm responsible for disbursing the organization's funds that as much as \$1 billion in cash aid might be available this year to finance a select list of imports. The organization had agreed late in 1977 to make \$550 million in cash payments to Egypt, an abrupt about-face from its earlier intention to reserve remaining assets for project aid. Of the \$2 billion in new assets that member states -- Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Abu Dhabi, and Qatar--will provide this year, only about one-half will be for project aid. The organization's softened attitude ironically comes at a time when Sadat's need for Arab assistance is lessening. Last year, unexpectedly large worker remittances from abroad left Egypt with a \$500 million surplus to apply to 1978 bills. This year, voluntary private transfers are expected to total \$1 billion -- twice the amount projected six months ago. Most of the increase is coming in through the black market that the government tolerates despite opposition from banking circles. Egyptian financial authorities realize a crackdown on black market operations would have to be accompanied by a devaluation of the exchange rate used by the banks for handling private remittances to avoid drying up the source of payments.

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